

Delhi



सत्यमेव जयते

Gazette

DELHI ADMINISTRATION
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DELHI, THURSDAY, JULY 9, 1964/ASADHA 18, 1886

PART IV

Notifications of Departments of the Delhi Administration other than
notifications included in Part I

DELHI ADMINISTRATION

NOTIFICATIONS

(Revenue Department)

Delhi, the 20th June 1964

No. F.34(176)/62-Lab.—Whereas during the pendency of the (1) of section 27 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887 as in force in the Union Territory of Delhi the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, is pleased to confer on Shri R. M. Vats, P.C.S., Assistant Housing Commissioner, Land & Housing Department, Delhi, the powers of an Assistant Collector of the 1st Grade, within the limits of the said Territory with effect from 13th May, 1964.

No. F.2-V(59)/64-Rev.Estt.(ii).—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-section (4) of section 77 of the Punjab Tenancy Act, 1887, as in force in the Union Territory of Delhi the Chief Commissioner, Delhi is pleased to empower Shri R. M. Vats, P.C.S., an Assistant Collector of the 1st Grade, to hear and determine the suits mentioned in the first group of sub-section (3) of the said section with effect from 13th May, 1964.

No. F.2-V(59)/64-Rev.Estt.(iii).—Under the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 15 of the Uttar Pradesh Land Revenue Act, 1901 as in force in the Union Territory of Delhi the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, is pleased to appoint Shri R. M. Vats, P.C.S., Assistant Housing Commissioner, Land and Housing Department, to be an Assistant Collector of the 1st Class with effect from the 13th May, 1964.

No. F.2-V(59)/64-Rev.Estt.(iv).—Under the provisions of section 72 of the Agra Tenancy Act, 1901, as in force in the Union Territory of Delhi, the Chief Commissioner, Delhi is pleased to empower Shri R. M. Vats, P.C.S., an Assistant Collector of the 1st Class to try suits under sections 40, 42, 43 and 48 of the said Act with effect from 13th May, 1964.

No. F.2-V(59)/64-Rev.Estt.(v).—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 20 of the East Punjab Holdings (Consolidation and Prevention of Fragmentation) Act, 1943 as in force in the Union Territory of Delhi, the Chief Commissioner, Delhi is pleased to appoint Shri R. M. Vats, P.C.S., Assistant Housing Commissioner, Land and Housing Department, to be Settlement Officer (Consolidation) within the limits of the said Territory with effect from 13th May, 1964.

No. F.2-V(59)/64-Rev.Estt.(vi).—In pursuance of the provisions of clause (6) of section 3 of the Delhi Land Reforms Act, 1954, the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, is pleased to empower Shri R. M. Vats, P.C.S., Assistant Collector of the 1st Class, Delhi to discharge the functions of a Deputy Commissioner for the purposes of Chapter V of the said Act with effect from the 13th May, 1964.

SCHEDULE

The employer shall have a provident fund scheme in force the rules of which with respect to the rates of contribution shall not be less favourable than those specified in section 6 of the Act and the employees shall also be in enjoyment of other provident fund benefits which on the whole shall not be less favourable to the employees than the benefits provided under the Act and these rules shall be followed in all respects.

2. The employer shall within three months of the date of publication of this notification, amend the constitution of the Provident Fund maintained in respect of the establishment in regard to the following matters, namely:—

- The Provident Fund shall vest in a Board of Trustees and there shall be a valid instrument in writing, which adequately safeguards the interests of the employees and such instruments shall be duly registered under section 5 of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882;
- the Board of Trustees shall consist of an equal number of representatives of the employees and the employer and all questions before the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes;
- the employer shall nominate one of his representatives on the Board as the Chairman who may exercise a casting vote if so provided under the rules of the establishment where a casting vote is exercised or where no casting vote is exercised but the opinion of the representatives is equally divided, the matter shall be referred to the Regional Provident Fund Commissioner or the State Provident Fund Commissioner appointed under the said Scheme (hereinafter referred to as the Regional/State Commissioner) within whose jurisdiction the establishment to which the matter relates is situated and whose decision in the matter shall be final.

3. The Provident Fund rules shall not be amended except with the previous approval of the Regional/State Commissioner. Where any amendment affects the interests of the employees before giving his approval the Regional/State Commissioner shall give a reasonable opportunity to the employees to explain their point of view.

4. (a) The employer shall maintain accounts of the Provident Fund in such manner and submit such returns to the Regional/State Commissioner as the Delhi Administration may, from time to time direct.

(b) The employer shall furnish to the Regional/State Commissioner such accounts relating to the Provident Fund of the establishment as the Central Provident Fund Commissioner may prescribe from time to time. He shall also furnish an annual statement of accounts or a pass book, in such form as may be approved to each subscriber who, but for the exemption, would have been a member of the Fund established under the Employees' Provident Funds Scheme, 1952.

(c) The employer shall make all investment of accumulations accruing after the date of exemption in securities of the Central Government. The reinvestment of conversion of securities on maturity shall also be in the securities of the Central Government. The employer shall formulate a procedure for prompt investment of provident Fund moneys and shall get it approved from the concerned Regional/State Commissioner.

5. The employer shall afford such facilities for inspection of the accounts of the Provident Fund as the Regional/State Commissioner may from time to time specify.

6. All expenses involved in the administration of the Provident Fund Scheme including the maintenance of accounts, submission of accounts and returns, transfer of the accumula-

7. The employer shall display on the notice board of his establishment in English, a copy of the approved rules and the translation of salient points of the rules in the language of the majority of workers, respectively.

8. The employer shall within 3 months of the date of publication of this notification transfer to the Board of Trustees the accumulations standing to the credit of the employees who but for the exemption would have been members of the Statutory Fund.

9. When the Fund is wound up or exemption of the establishment is cancelled, accumulations standing to the credit of the employees who, but for the exemption, would have been members of the Statutory Fund shall be transferred to the Fund as soon as possible and, in any case, not later than 30 days in the case of cash in hand or bank together with a statement or statements as may be required by the Regional/State Commissioner.

10. The employer shall accept the past provident fund accumulations of an employee who is already a member of the Employees' Provident Fund or an exempted fund and who obtains employment in his establishment. Such an employee shall immediately be admitted as a member of the establishments Provident Fund. His accumulations which shall be transferred within 3 months of his joining the establishment shall be credited to his account.

11. The employer shall provide for nomination in his provident fund rules in accordance with the provisions contained in paragraph 61 of the Employees' Provident Fund Scheme, 1952.

12. The amount of contribution shall be calculated to the nearest quarter of a rupee; that is, 12-5 naye paise or more shall be counted as the next higher quarter of a rupee and fractions of a rupee less than 12-5 naye paise shall be ignored. The amounts of inspection charges and damages shall be calculated to the nearest 5 naye paise; that is, 2-5 naye paise or more shall be counted as 5 naye paise and any amount less than 2-5 naye paise shall be ignored.

13. On all repayable loans granted by the establishment interest shall be charged at the rate of $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent or 1 per cent above the rate allowed on the balance to credit of the members whichever is higher.

14. The employer shall pay to the Regional/State Commissioner inspection charges payable, failing which damages shall be paid at a rate fixed by the Central Government from time to time.

15. The Delhi Administration reserve the right to impose such further conditions as may be deemed necessary in the interest of the employees in the establishment.

16. Exemption granted by this notification is liable to be withdrawn by the Delhi Administration for breach of any of the aforesaid conditions or for any other sufficient cause which may be considered appropriate.

Delhi, the 25th June 1964

No. F.4(1-2)/64-Rev.Estt.(i).—Under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 27 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, the Chief Commissioner, Delhi is pleased to confer on Shri I. K. Bali, District Collection Officer, Delhi, the powers of an Assistant Collector of the 1st grade in the Union Territory of Delhi with effect from the 1st June, 1964.

No. F.4(1-2)/64-Rev.Estt.(ii).—Under the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 15 of the Uttar Pradesh Land Revenue Act, 1901, the Chief Commissioner, Delhi is pleased to appoint Shri I. K. Bali, District Collection Officer, Delhi to be an Assistant Collector of the 1st Class, in the Union Territory of Delhi with effect from the 1st June, 1964.

No. F.4(1-2)/64-Rev.Estt.(iii).—In pursuance of the provisions of clause (6) of section 3 of the Delhi Land Reforms Act, 1954, the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, is pleased to empower Shri I. K. Bali, District Collection Officer, Delhi, Assistant Collector of the 1st Class, Delhi, to discharge the functions of a Deputy Commissioner under Chapter IV of the said Act.

No. F.4(1-2)/64-Rev.Estt.(iv).—In pursuance of the provisions of clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 27 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, is pleased to confer on Shri I. K. Bali, District Collection Officer, Delhi, the powers of a Collector under Chapter VI of the said Act, within the limits of the Union Territory of Delhi.

No. F.4(1-2)/64-Rev.Estt.(v).—Under the provisions of section 172 of the Agra Tenancy Act, 1901, the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, is pleased to empower Shri I. K. Bali, Assistant Collector, of the 1st Class, to try suits under sections 40, 42, 43 and 48 of the said Act.

No. F.4(1-2)/64-Rev.Estt.(vi).—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Delhi Land Revenue Act, 1954, the Chief Commissioner, Delhi is pleased to appoint Shri I. K. Bali, District Collection Officer, Delhi to be a Revenue Assistant in the Union Territory of Delhi with effect from 1st June, 1964.

No. F.4(1-2)/64-Rev.Estt.(vii).—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub clause (ii) of clause (44) of section 2 of the Income tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) read with sub-rule (2) of rule 7 of the Income-tax (Certificate proceedings) Rules, 1962 and the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Home Affairs No. S.O. 2864 dated the 1st October, 1963, the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, hereby authorises Shri I. K. Bali, District Collection Officer, Delhi who has been empowered to effect recovery of arrears of Land Revenue under the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887 to exercise the powers of a Tax Recovery Officer under the said Income-tax Act, 1961, in respect of the District of Delhi for which he is performing the functions relating to the recovery of arrears of land revenue under the second mentioned Act with effect from 1st June, 1964.

By Order,

S. G. BOSE MULLICK,

Secretary (Revenue),

Delhi Administration, Delhi.

Delhi, the 26th June 1964

No. F.16(48)/63-Lab.—The following draft of rules to amend the Delhi, Factories Rules, 1950, which the Chief Commissioner, Delhi proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (7) of Section 38 and Section 112 of the Factories Act, 1948 (LXIII of 1948) read with the Government of India, Ministry of Labour and Employment Notification No. S.O. 108 dated the 14th February, 1958, are published as required under Section 115 of the said Act, for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said draft rules will be taken into consideration on or after the expiry of three months from the date of publication of this notification together with any objections or suggestions that may be received in respect thereto within the period specified. All objections/suggestions should be addressed to the Chief Inspector of Factories, I-Rajpur Road, Delhi.

DRAFT RULES

1. **Short title.**—These rules may be called the Delhi Factories (Amendment) Rules, 1964.

2. **Insertion of new rule 61-A.**—After rule 61 of the Delhi Factories Rules, 1950 the following new rule shall be inserted namely:—

“61 A. Fire Fighting Apparatus and Water Supply.”

(1) In every factory there shall be provided and maintained the following fire fighting equipments:—

(a) Two fire buckets of not less than 2 gallon capacity for every 1000 sq. ft. of floor area subject to a minimum of four buckets on each floor.

(b) Every bucket provided under this sub-rule shall:—
(i) Conform to appropriate Indian Standards Specification.

(ii) be kept in a position approved by the Inspector and shall be used for no other purpose than fire extinguishing; and

(iii) at all times be kept full of water, but if the principal fire risk arises from inflammable liquid or other substances where water cannot be used, it shall be kept full of clean fine dry sand, stone dust or other inert material.

Provided that where the Chief Inspector is of the opinion that other adequate fire fighting apparatus is provided in the factory building or room, he may issue a certificate in writing (which he may at his discretion revoke) specifying the extent to which the above requirements are relaxed in respect of that building or room.

(2) In every factory, adequate provision of water supply for fire fighting shall be made and where the amount of water required in gallons per minute, as calculated from the formula $A+B+C+D$ divided by 1000, is 120 gallons or more, power driven trailer pumps of adequate capacity to meet the requirement of water as calculated above shall be provided and maintained.

In the above formula:—

A = the total area in sq. ft. of all floors including galleries in all buildings of the factory;

B = the total area in sq. ft. of all floors and galleries including open spaces in which combustible materials are handled or stored;

ground level; and

D = the total area in sq. ft. of all floors of all buildings other than those of fire resisting construction.

Provided that in areas where the fire risk involved does not require use of water, such areas under B, C, or D may, for the purpose of calculation, be halved.

Provided further that where the areas under B, C or D are protected by permanent automatic fire-lighting installations approved by any fire association or fire insurance company, such areas may, for the purpose of calculation, be halved.

Provided also that where the factory is situated at not more than 2 miles from an established city or town fire service, the pumping capacity based on the amount of water arrived at by the formula above may be reduced by 25 per cent but no account shall be taken of this reduction in calculating water supply required under sub-rule (7).

(3) Each trailer pump shall be provided with equipment as per schedule A. Such equipment shall conform to Indian Standard Specifications wherever they exist.

(4) Trailer Pumps shall be housed in a separate shed/sheds which shall be sited close to a principal source of water supplies in the vicinity of the main risks of the factory.

(5) In factories where the area is such as cannot be reached by man-hauling of trailer pumps within reasonable time, vehicles with towing attachment shall be provided at the scale of one for every four trailer pumps with a minimum of one such vehicle kept available at all times.

(6) Water supply shall be provided to give flow of water as required under sub-rule (2) for at least 100 minutes. At least 50 per cent of this water supply or 1 lakh gallons whichever is less, shall be in form of static tanks of adequate capacities (not less than 10,000 gallons each) distributed round the factory with due regard to the potential fire risks in the factory (where piped supply is provided), the size of the main shall not be less than 6" diameter and it shall be capable of supplying minimum of 1000 gallons per minute at a pressure of not less than 10 lbs. per square inch.

(7) (a) In factories having more than 1000 sq. ft. floor area and where fire may occur due to combustible materials other than inflammable liquids, electrical equipment and ignitable metals, soda acid or equivalent type of portable extinguishers at the rate of one for every 5000 sq. ft. of area spaced at not more than 100 ft. apart subject to a minimum of one extinguisher shall be provided in addition to fire buckets required under sub-rule(1).

(b) In factories where fires may occur due to inflammable liquids or grease or paint, the extinguishers to be provided at the scale laid down in clause (a) shall consist of foam, carbon tetrachloride, dry powder, carbondioxide, Chlorobromethane or other equivalent type.

(c) In factories where fires may occur due to electrical equipment the extinguisher to be provided at the scale laid in clause (a) shall consist of foam, Carbondioxide, dry powder, carbon tetrachloride or equivalent type.

(d) In factories where fires may occur due to magnesium aluminium or zinc dust or shavings of other ignitable metals, the use of liquids, carbondioxide and foam type extinguishers shall be prohibited and an ample supply of clean, fine dry sand, stone dust or other inert material shall be kept ready for segregating such fires.

(e) Every type of portable fire extinguisher shall be kept mounted in a position approved by the Inspector.

Provided that where the Chief Inspector is of the opinion that other adequate fire fighting apparatus or permanent automatic fire fighting installations approved by any recognised fire association or fire insurance company are provided in the factory building or room, he may issue a certificate in writing (which he may at his discretion, revoke) specifying the extent to which the above requirements are relaxed in respect of that building or room.

(8) (a) Every portable fire extinguisher to be provided under sub-rule (9) shall:—

(i) Conform to the appropriate Indian Standards specification,

(ii) be kept charged ready for use, properly mounted in a position approved by the inspector and accompanied by the maker's printed instructions for its use, and

(iii) be examined, tested or discharged periodically in accordance with the maker's recommendation.

(b) The manager of every factory shall keep and maintain sufficient number of spare charges for each type of extinguisher provided in the factory with a minimum of 12 spare charges always in stock and readily available.

(9) Each factory shall detail a trained officer who shall be responsible for the proper maintenance and upkeep of all fire-fighting equipments.

SCHEDULE-A.

Equipment for Trailer Pumps.

(A) For light trailer pump (120/150 g.p.m.)

30 ft. length of armoured suction hose, with wrenches.

1 Metal suction strainer.

1 Basket strainer.

1 Two-way suction collecting-head.

1 Suction adaptor.

10 75-ft. lengths of unlined 2½" delivery hose complete with quick-release couplings.

1 Dividing Breeching-piece.

2 Branch-piece with 5/8 in. nozzles.

1 Diffuser Nozzle.

1 Standpipe with blank cap.

1 Hydrant key.

4 Collapsible canvas buckets.

1 Fire hook (preventor) with cutting edge.

1 C.T.C. Extinguisher 1/4 gallon capacity.

1 100-ft. length of 1-in. manila rope.

1 30-ft. extension ladder (where necessary).

1 Heavy axe.

1 Spade.

1 Pick axe.

1 Crowbar.

1 Saw.

1 Hurricane lamp.

1 Electric Torch.

1 Pair Rubber Gloves.

(B) For large trailer pump (350/500 g.p.m.)

30 ft. length of armoured suction hose, with wrenches.

1 Metal strainer.

1 Basket strainer.

1 Three-way suction collecting-head.

1 Suction adapter.

14 75-ft. lengths of unlined canvas 2½" delivery hoses complete with quick-release couplings.

1 Dividing breeching-piece.

1 Collecting breeching-piece.

4 Branch pipes with one 1", two ¾" and one diffuser nozzles.

2 Standpipe with blank caps.

2 Hydrant keys.

6 Collapsible canvas buckets.

1 Ceiling hook (preventor) with cutting edge.

1 C.T.C. Extinguisher ¼ gallon capacity.

1 100-ft. length of 2-in. manila rope.

1 30-ft. extension ladder (where necessary).

1 Pair Rubber Gloves.

1 Heavy Axe.

1 Spade.

1 Pick Axe.

1 Crowbar.

1 Saw.

2 Hurricane Lamps.

1 Electric Torch.

Note.—If it appears to the Chief Inspector of Factories that in any factory the provision of breathing apparatus is necessary he may by order in writing require the occupier to provide suitable breathing apparatus in addition to the equipment for light trailer pump or large trailer pump as the case may be.

By Order

DE'S RAJ, Under Secy.

(Industries & Labour)

Delhi Administration: Delhi.

CORRIGENDUM

Delhi, the 26th June 1964

No. F.5(20)/64-PRD.—Under "Nizamuddin Zonal Committee (S. No. XII)" reconstituted *vide* notification No. F.5(20)/64-PRD dated the 14th April, 1964, substitute against S. No. 3—Dr. Amba Prasad' for 'Shri Mahesh Prasad'.

By Order,

D. P. MUNSHI,

Under Secy. (Public Relations),
Delhi Administration, Delhi.

No. F.49(1)/64-Dev.(IV).—The wholesale and retail prices prevailing in the Delhi Market on the last working day of the fortnight ending the 15th June, 1964 are published in the Delhi Gazette for public information.

FORTNIGHTLY RETURN OF WHOLESALE PRICES PREVAILING IN DELHI MARKET ON THE LAST DAY OF THE FORTNIGHT ENDING THE 15TH JUNE, 1964

NOTE:—1. Prices are in rupees per quintal (100 kilograms) unless otherwise stated.

2. Where there is no reference to any specific quality fair average quality is implied.

3. Abbreviations : (i) N.Q. = Not quoted, (ii) 'C' = Controlled price, (iii) N.A. = Not available.

दिनांक १५ जून, १९६४ को समाप्त होने वाले पक्ष के अन्तिम दिन का दिल्ली के बाजार में थोक भावों का पाक्षिक विवरण ।
नोट:— १. जब तक कोई अन्य स्पष्टीकरण न हो, वस्तुओं के भाव रुपयों में प्रति क्विन्टल (१०० किलोग्राम) के हिसाब से दिए गए समझने चाहिए ।
२. जहां पर वस्तुओं की किसी खास किस्म के बारे में निर्देश न हो, वहां अच्छी औसत किस्म से ही मतलब समझना चाहिए ।
३. इस विवरण में जहां शब्द "नहीं है" लिखा हुआ है उसका यह अर्थ लगाना चाहिये कि वह वस्तु बाजार में नहीं मिली है, तथा "नि० मू०" का अर्थ है "नियंत्रित मूल्य" (कंट्रोल किये हुये मूल्य) ।

Commodities	Variety/quality	Units	Rates	Remarks
वस्तुएं	किस्म	इकाई	भाव	अन्य
1	2	3	4	5
			Rs.	P.
I. CEREALS—				
अन्न—				
1. Rice	Sela (Ordinary)	Per Quintal	78.00	
चावल	सेला (साधारण)	प्रति क्विन्टल		
2. Wheat	Desi	"	42.00 to 53.00	
गेहूं	देसी	"		
3. Wheat Flour—	Desi	"	38.25	(91 Kilograms bag)
गेहूं का आटा	देसी	"		
4. Jowar		"	48.00 to 60.00	
ज्वार		"		
5. Barley		"	43.00	
जौ		"		
6. Bajra		"	52.00 to 58.00	
बाजरा		"		
7. Maize		"	48.00	
मक्का		"		
8. Subsidiary Food Crops—				
सहायक खाद्य फसलें :—				
Sweet Potatoes		"	N.A.	
शकरकंदी		"		
II. PULSES (Whole pulses)—				
साबत दालें				
1. Gram		"	58.00 to 60.00	
चना		"		
2. Arhar	Desi	"	72.00	
अरहर	देसी	"		
3. Mung		"	80.00 to 10.00	
मूंग		"		

II.—PULSES—contd.

		Rs.	P.
4. Urd	(i) Black	Per Quintal	65.00 to 80.00
उर्द	काले	प्रति क्विन्टल	
	(ii) Green	"	75.00
	हरे		
5. Masur		"	74.00 to 80.00
मसूर			
6. Other Pulses—			
अन्य दालें—			
(a) Moth		"	64.00
मोठ			
(b) Gram		"	58.00 to 70.00
चना काबुली			
(c) Rajma		"	125.00 to 165.00
राजमा			
(d) Lobia		"	60.00 to 115.00
लोबिया			
(e) Peas	Dry	"	60.00
मटर	सूखी		

III. SUGAR AND GUR—

चीनी तथा गुड़—

1. Gur	(i) Phatwan	"	N.A.
गुड़	फटवां		
	(ii) Desi	"	80.00 to 92.00
	देसी		
2. Sugar Crystal		"	139.15 to 143.04
चीनी दानेदार			
3. Khandsari		"	N.A.
खान्दसारी			
4. Sugar Desi	Bura	"	N.A.
देसी खांड	बुरा		

IV. OILSEEDS, OIL AND OIL-CAKES—

तिलहन के बीज, तेल तथा खल—

1. Groundnut Oil		"	215.00 to 225.00
मूंगफली का तेल			
2. Groundnut—	(i) Shelled	"	N.A.
मूंगफली—	छिलकेदार (साबत)		
	(ii) Unshelled	"	N.A.
	छिली हुई		
3. Groundnut Oil-cake		"	36.00 to 42.00
मूंगफली की खल			
4. Castor Oil		"	150.00
अरंडी का तेल			

IV. OILSEEDS, OIL AND OIL-CAKES—*contd.*

5. Rapeseed सरसों	.	.	.	Per Quintal प्रति क्विन्टल	110.00 to 120.00
6. Mustard Oil सरसों का तेल	.	.	(i) Kachchi Ghani कच्ची घानी	„	290.00 to 300.00
			(ii) Pakki Ghani पक्की घानी	„	28.00
7. Mustard Oil-cake सरसों की खल	.	.	(i) Dali डली	„	43.00
			(ii) Papri पापड़ी	„	42.00
8. Linseed अलसी	.	.	.	„	100.00
9. Linseed Oil अलसी का तेल	.	.	.	„	182.00
10. Coconut नारियल	.	.	(i) Green हरा	Per 100 प्रति सौ इकाइयां	46.00 to 50.00
			(ii) Dry सूखा	Per Quintal प्रति क्विन्टल	255.00 to 270.00
11. Coconut Oil नारियल का तेल	.	.	(i) Refined साफ किया हुआ	„	56.00 (15.5 kilograms tin)
			(ii) Unrefined बिना साफ किया हुआ	„	300.00
12. Other Oilseeds अन्य तिलहन					
Tilseed तिल	.	.	White सफेद	„	145.00
13. Vegetable Oils (Vanaspati) वनस्पति तेल	.	.	(i) No. 1 (Ganesh) गणेश नं० एक	Per Tin (16½ kg.) प्रति टिन (१६½ किलोग्राम का)	53.65
			(ii) Palki पालकी	„	53.65
14. Other Oils— अन्य तेल—					
(a) Til Oil तिल का तेल	.	.	.	Per Quintal प्रति क्विन्टल	241.00
(b) Mahua Oil महुआ का तेल	.	.	.	„	246.00

V. FRUITS, VEGETABLES AND NUTS—

Rs. P.

फल, सब्जियां तथा मेवे—

(a) *Fruits*—

फल—

1. Mangoes आम	. . .	Per 40 Kg. प्रति ४० किलोग्राम	24.00 to 32.00
2. Bananas केले	. . .	Per Doz. प्रति दर्जन	0.62 to 0.75
3. Oranges सन्तरे	. . .	Per 100 प्रति १०० इकाइयां	20.00 to 28.00

(b) *Vegetables*—

सब्जियां—

1. Potatoes— आल	. . .	(i) Hill पहाड़ी	Per 40 Kg. प्रति ४० किलोग्राम	N.A.
		(ii) Desi देसी	"	18.00 to 20.00
2. Onions प्याज	. . .	(i) Dry सूखी	"	4.00 to 5.00
		(ii) Green हरी	"	N.A.
3. Tomatoes टमाटर	. . .		"	16.00 to 20.00
4. Peas Green हरी मटर	. . .	(i) Desi देसी	"	N.A.
		(ii) Simla शिमला	"	48.00
5. Arvies अर्वी	. . .		"	12.00 to 14.00
6. Pumpkin कांसीफल	. . .		"	5.00 to 6.00
7. Bottle Gourd घीया	. . .		"	10.00 to 12.00

(c) *Nuts*—

मेवे—

1. Cashew Nuts काज	. . .	Per Quintal प्रति क्विन्टल	N.A.
2. Almonds बादाम	. . .	"	800.00 to 1475.00
3. Walnuts अखरोट	. . .	"	N.A.
4. Raisins किशमिश	. . .	"	500.00 to [820.00]
5. Dates खजूर	. . .	"	N.A.

VI. TOBACCO—

तम्बाकू

Country	Per Quintal	Rs. P.
देसी	प्रति क्विन्टल	225.00 to 250.00

VII. *LIVESTOCK

मवेशी

1. Work Cattle

काम करने वाले पशु

(a) Bullock (4—6 teeth)	(i) 1st Class	Per head	900.00
बैल (४ या ६ दांत वाले)	पहले दर्जे का	प्रति इकाई	
	(ii) 2nd Class	"	500.00
	दूसरे दर्जे का		
(b) Buffalo bull (4—6 teeth)	(i) 1st Class	"	600.00
भैंसा (४ या ६ दांत वाले)	पहले दर्जे का		
	(ii) 2nd Class	"	300.00
	दूसरे दर्जे का		

2. Milch Cattle—

दूध देने वाले पशु

(a) Milch Cow (3rd lactation)	(i) 1st Class	"	650.00
दूध देने वाली गाय	पहले दर्जे की		
(तीसरी बार ब्याई हुई)	(ii) 2nd Class	"	350.00
	दूसरे दर्जे की		
(b) Buffalo	(i) 1st Class	"	900.00
भैंस	पहले दर्जे की		
	(ii) 2nd Class	"	500.00
	दूसरे दर्जे की		

3. Sheep	Per Score	500.00 to 850.00
भेड़	प्रति कोड़ी	

4. Goat	"	500.00 to 850.00
बकरी		

VIII. LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS—

मवेशियों से प्राप्त वस्तुएं

1. Wool	(i) Black	Per Quintal	482.00 to 536.00
ऊन	काली	प्रति क्विन्टल	
	(ii) Geeja	"	402.00 to 456.00
	गीजा		
	(iii) White Amritsar	"	650.00 to 725.00
	अमृतसर की सफेद		

*There is no regular market and rates quoted are those for individual transactions.

कोई नियमित बाजार नहीं है, यहां पर जो भाव दिए गए हैं वे व्यक्तिगत सौदों पर आधारित हैं।

Rs. P.

VIII. LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS—*contd.*

2. Hides

चमड़ा

(a) Cow Hide Tanned	(i) 1st quality	Per Quintal	300.00
गाय का कमाया हुआ चमड़ा	पहले दर्जे का	प्रति क्विन्टल	
	(ii) 2nd quality	"	290.00
	दूसरे दर्जे का		
(b) Buffalo Hide Raw	(i) 1st quality	Each	45.00
भैंस का कच्चा चमड़ा	पहले दर्जे का	प्रति एक	
	(ii) 2nd quality	"	35.00
	दूसरे दर्जे का		
(c) Buffalo Hide Tanned	(i) 1st quality	Per Quintal	300.00
भैंस का कमाया हुआ चमड़ा	पहले दर्जे का	प्रति क्विन्टल	
	(ii) 2nd quality	"	290.00
	दूसरे दर्जे का		

3. Skins

खाल

(a) Goat Skin Raw	(i) 1st quality	Per 100	450.00
बकरी की कच्ची खाल	पहले दर्जे की	प्रति 100 इकाइयां	
	(ii) 2nd quality	"	250.00
	दूसरे दर्जे की		
(b) Goat Skin Tanned	(i) 1st quality	"	375.00
बकरी की कमाई हुई खाल	पहले दर्जे की		
	(ii) 2nd quality	"	350.00
	दूसरे दर्जे की		
(c) Sheep Skin Raw (with wool)	(i) 1st quality	"	400.00
भेड़ की कच्ची खाल (ऊन सहित)	पहले दर्जे की		
	(ii) 2nd quality	"	250.00
	दूसरे दर्जे की		
(d) Sheep Skin Tanned	(i) 1st quality	"	300.00
भेड़ की कमाई हुई खाल	पहले दर्जे की		
	(ii) 2nd quality	"	225.00
	दूसरे दर्जे की		

4. Ghee

घी

(i) Agmark Mahesh	Per Quintal	810.00
महेश 'एग' मार्का	प्रति क्विन्टल	
(ii) Ungraded	"	770.00 to 790.00
खुला हुआ		

IX. FODDER—

चारा

i. Straw	(i) Wheat	"	13.40
भूसा	गेहूं का		
	(ii) Mixed	"	10.72
	मिश्रित		

			Rs.	P.
2. Stalks	. . . Jowar Dry	Per Quintal	24.00	
करबी	सूखी ज्वार	प्रति क्विंटल		

X. CONDIMENTS AND SPICES—

मसाले

1. Turmeric	. . . Bombay	"	150.00 to 205.00
हल्दी	बम्बई		
2. Tamarind	. . . Seeded	"	38.00 to 48.00
इमली	गुठली वाली		
3. Dry Chillies	. . . Desi	"	190.00 to 268.00
लाल मिर्च (सूखी)	देसी		
4. Amchur	. . .	"	120.00 to 240.00
अमचूर			
5. Coriander	. . . (i) Large	"	120.00 to 160.00
धनिया	बड़ा		
	(ii) Small	"	160.00 to 240.00
	छोटा		
6. Salt	. . . Sambher	"	6.70
नमक	सांभर		

XI. MISCELLANEOUS—

अन्य—

1. Timber—

लकड़ी

(a) Cheel	. . .	28.3168 cubic decimeter	8.50 to 11.00
चीड़			
(b) Sheesham	. . . (i) Sawed	"	8.50 to 14.50
शीशम	चिरी हुई		
	(ii) Unsawed	"	8.00 to 14.00
	साबत		

NOTE: 1. Prices are in rupees per kilogram unless otherwise stated.

2. When quality is not specified, fair average quality is implied.

3. Abbreviations :— (i) N. Q.=Not quoted, (ii) 'C'=Controlled price.
(iii) N. A.=Not available.

दिनांक १५ जून, १९६४ को समाप्त होने वाले पक्ष के अन्तिम दिन का दिल्ली के बाजार में फुटकर भावों का पाक्षिक विवरण ।

नोट:—१. किसी विशेष स्पष्टीकरण के न होने पर, वस्तुओं के भाव रूपों में प्रति किलोग्राम (१०० ग्राम) के हिसाब से समझने चाहिये ।

२. जहां पर वस्तुओं की किसी खास किस्म के बारे में निर्देश न हो, वहां अच्छी औसत किस्म से ही मतलब समझना चाहिये ।

३. इस विवरण में जहां "नहीं है" शब्द लिखा हुआ है उसका अर्थ यह है कि वह वस्तु बाजार में नहीं मिली है । "नि० मू०" का अर्थ है नियंत्रित मूल्य (कन्ट्रोल किये हुए मूल्य) ।

Commodities वस्तुएं	Variety/quality किस्म	Unit इकाई	Rates	
1	2	3	4	5
I. CEREALS			Rs.	P.
अन्न				
1. Rice	Sela (Ordinary)	Per Kilogram	0.90	
चावल	सेला (साधारण)	प्रति किलोग्राम		
2. Wheat	Desi	"	0.46 to 0.57	
गेहूं	देसी			
3. Wheat Flour	Desi	"	0.43	
गेहूं का आटा	देसी			
4. Jowar		"	0.52 to 0.64	
ज्वार				
5. Bajra		"	0.56 to 0.62	
बाजरा				
6. Barley		"	0.47	
जौ				
7. Maize		"	0.52	
मक्का				
8. Sweet Potatoes		"	N.A.	
शकरकंदी				
II. PULSES—				
दालें				
1. Gram	(i) Whole	"	0.62 to 0.64	
चना	साबत			
	(ii) Split without skin	"	0.75	
	बिना छिलके की दाल			
	(iii) Besan	"	0.78	
	बेसन			
2. Arhar—	Whole	"	0.87	
अरहर	साबत			
(a) Desi	Split without skin	"	1.05	
देसी	बिना छिलके की दाल			
(b) Kanpuri	Split without skin	"	1.15	
कानपुरी	बिना छिलके की दाल			
3. Mung	(i) Whole	"	0.94 to 1.15	
मूंग	साबत			
	(ii) Split with skin	"	1.10 to 1.25	
	छिलके वाली दाल			
	(iii) Split without skin	"	1.25 to 1.40	
	बिना छिलके की दाल			
4. Urd Black	(i) Whole	"	0.87 to 1.00	
काले उर्द	साबत			
	(ii) Split with skin	"	0.94 to 1.00	
	छिलके वाली दाल			
	(iii) Split without skin	"	1.05 to 1.15	
	बिना छिलके की दाल			

II. PULSES—contd.

			Rs.	P.
5. Urd Green हरे उर्द	(i) Whole साबत	Per kilogram प्रति किलोग्राम	0.94	
	(ii) Split with skin छिलके वाली दाल	"	1.00	
	(iii) Split without skin बिना छिलके की दाल	"	1.15	
6. Massur मसूर	(i) Whole साबत	"	0.90 to 0.94	
	(ii) Split without skin बिना छिलके की दाल	"	0.87 to 0.94	
7. Other Pulses— अन्य दालें—				
(a) Moth मोठ	Whole साबत	"	0.80	
(b) Gram चना	Kabuli काबुली	"	0.70 to 0.81	
(c) Rajma राजमा	Red लाल	"	1.37 to 1.80	
(d) Lobia लोबिया	Big बड़ा	"	0.75 to 1.30	
(e) Peas मटर	Dry सूखी	"	0.75	

III. SUGAR AND GUR—

चीनी और गुड़—

1. Gur गुड़	(i) Phatwan फटवां	"	N.A.	
	(ii) Desi देसी	"	0.89 to 1.01	
2. Sugar Crystal चीनी दानेदार		"	1.41 to 1.18	
3. Khandsari खांडसारी		"	N.A.	
4. Sugar Desi देसी खांड	Bura बूरा	"	N.A.	

IV. OILS—

	तेल			
1. Groundnut Oil मूंगफली का तेल		"	2.40 to 2.50	
2. Castor Oil अरंडी का तेल		"	1.75	
3. Mustard Oil सरसों का तेल	(i) Kachchi ghani कच्ची घानी	"	3.15 to 3.25	
	(ii) Pakki ghani पक्की घानी	"	3.10	
4. Linseed Oil अलसी का तेल		"	2.00	

5. Coconut Oil नारियल का तेल	(i) Refined साफ़ किया हुआ	Per kilogram प्रति किलोग्राम	4.00
	(ii) Unrefined बिना साफ़ किया हुआ	"	3.60
6. Vegetable Oil वनस्पति तेल	(i) Ganesh No. 1 गणेश नं० एक		1.66 ($\frac{1}{2}$ kilogram)
	(ii) Palki पालकी		1.66 Do.

7. Other Oils—
अन्य तेल

- (a) Mahua Oil
महुआ का तेल
- (b) Til Oil
तिल का तेल

Per kilogram
प्रति किलोग्राम

2.80

" 2.90

V. VEGETABLES, FRUITS
AND NUTS—

सब्जियां, फल और मेवे

(A) Vegetables—

सब्जियां

1. Potatoes
आलू

- (i) Hill
पहाड़ी
- (ii) Desi
देसी

"

N.A.

0.56 to 0.62

2. Onions
प्याज़

- (i) Dry
सूखी
- (ii) Green
हरी

"

0.20 to 0.25

"

N.A.

3. Tomatoes
टमाटर

"

0.62 to 0.75

"

1.50

4. Peas Green
हरी मटर

- (i) Simla
शिमला
- (ii) Desi
देसी

"

N.A.

"

0.50 to 0.62

5. Arvies
अर्रि

"

0.25 to 0.31

6. Pumpkin
कासीफल

"

0.37 to 0.50

7. Bottle gourd
घीया

8. Other seasonal vegetables
अन्य मौसमी सब्जियां

- (a) Sag Palak
(b) Brinjals
(c) Tinda
(d) Radishes

"

0.25 to 0.31

"

0.37 to 0.50

"

0.50 to 0.62

"

0.50 to 0.62

V. VEGETABLES, FRUITS AND NUTS—*contd.*

सब्जियाँ, फल और मेवे—क्रमशः

(B) *Fruits—*

फल—

1. Mango	. . . . .	Per kilogram	0.87 to 1.00
आम		प्रति किलोग्राम	
2. Banana	. . . . .	Per Dozen	0.75 to 0.87
केला		प्रति दर्जन	
3. Orange	. . . . .	"	3.50 to 4.50
संतरा			

(C) *Nuts—*

मेवे—

1. Cashewnut	. . . . .	Per kilogram	N.A.
काजू		प्रति किलोग्राम	
2. Almond	. . . . .	"	9.00 to 16.00
बादाम			
3. Walnut	. . . . .	"	N.A.
अखरोट			
4. Raisin	. . . . .	"	6.50 to 9.25
किशमिश			
5. Dates	. . . . . Dry	"	N.A.
खजूर		सूखे	

VI. TOBACCO—

तम्बाकू—

Leaf

पत्ती देसी

2.50 to 2.75

VII. LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS—

मवेशियों से प्राप्त वस्तुएं—

1. Milk	. . . . .	Per Litre	0.90 to 0.95
दूध		प्रति लीटर	
2. Ghee	. . . . . (i) Agmark Mahesh	Per kilogram	9.10
घी	महेश "एम" मार्क	प्रति किलोग्राम	
	(ii) Ungraded	"	7.80 to 8.00
	बिना किसी मार्क का		
	खुला हुआ		
3. Eggs	(i) Ungraded	Per Dozen	2.00 to 2.25
अंडे	बिना श्रेणी वाले	प्रति दर्जन	
	(ii) Grade 'A'	"	2.75
	प्रथम श्रेणी वाले		
	(iii) Grade 'B'	"	2.50
	द्वितीय श्रेणी वाले		
	(iv) Grade 'C'	"	2.25
	तृतीय श्रेणी वाले		
4. Mutton	. . . . . (i) Halal	Per kilogram	3.25
भेड़ बकरे का गोشت	हलाल	प्रति किलोग्राम	
	(ii) Jhatka	"	3.25
	झटका		

VIII. CONDIMENTS AND SPICES—

मसाले आदि—

		Rs. P.	
1. Turmeric	Bombay	Per kilogram	2.00 to 2.50
हल्दी	बम्बई	प्रति किलोग्राम	
2. Tamarind	(i) Seeded	"	0.50 to 0.69
इमली	गुठली वाली	"	
	(ii) Unseeded	"	1.25 to 1.50
	बिना गुठली वाली		
3. Chillies dry	Desi	"	2.50 to 3.25
सूखी लाल मिर्च	देसी		
4. Corriender	(i) Large	"	1.75 to 2.00
धनिया	बड़ा	"	
	(ii) Small	"	2.00 to 3.00
	छोटा		
5. Amchur	New/Old	"	1.62 to 3.25
अमचूर	नया/पुराना		
6. Salt	Sanbhar	"	0.09
नमक	सांभर		

IX. MISCELLANEOUS—

अन्य—

1. Kerosene Oil		Per litre	0.45
मिट्टी का तेल		प्रति लीटर	
2. Firewood	Kabar	Per quintal	10.00
जलाने की लकड़ी	कबाड़	प्रति क्विन्टल	
3. Charcoal	Dry	"	23.00 to 26.00
लकड़ी का कोयला	सूखा		
4. Soft Coke		"	8.70
फस्वर का कोयला			
5. Coarse Cloth—			
मोटा कपड़ा—			
(a) Long cloth	22/2011	Per Metre	2.32
लट्ठा		प्रति मीटर	
	21/5068	"	2.01
(b) Dhoti Pair		Per Pair	N.A.
मर्दाना धोती जोड़ा		प्रति जोड़ा	
6. Shoe	Modern Shoe size 4-10	"	14.95
जूता	न्यूकट (बाटा)		

By Order,

KAUSHAL KISHORE,

Assistant Development Commissioner, Delhi

No. F.12(26)/64-Finance(E).—The following revised table of fees prepared by the Chief Commissioner of Delhi under section 78 of the Indian Registration Act, 1908 (No. 16 of 1908) is published, as required by section 79 of the said Act, for general information. The revised table shall be deemed to have come into force on the 7th May, 1964 from which date the table published in this Administration notification No. F.12(20)/52-GA&R, dated the 15th December, 1952 shall be deemed to have been superseded.

TABLE OF REGISTRATION FEES FOR THE UNION TERRITORY OF DELHI.

ARTICLE I.—For the registration of Documents—

(1) In Book I, the register of non-testamentary documents relating to immovable property:—

(a) For all optionally registered documents except leases—Rs. 2/-

(b) For all compulsory registered documents (other than leases of immovable property). If the value of consideration money does not exceed Rs. 200/- Rs. 2-50 P

Exceeds Rs. 200 but does not exceed	—	Rs. 300/-	Rs. 3-75 P.
Exceeds Rs. 300 but does not exceed	—	Rs. 400/-	Rs. 5-00 P.
Exceeds Rs. 400 but does not exceed	—	Rs. 500/-	Rs. 6-25 P.
Exceeds Rs. 500 but does not exceed	—	Rs. 600/-	Rs. 8-00 P.
Exceeds Rs. 600 but does not exceed	—	Rs. 700/-	Rs. 10-00 P.
Exceeds Rs. 700 but does not exceed	—	Rs. 800/-	Rs. 10-00 P.
Exceeds Rs. 800 but does not exceed	—	Rs. 900/-	Rs. 12-50 P.
Exceeds Rs. 900 but does not exceed	—	Rs. 1000/-	Rs. 12-50 P.

For every 1000 rupees or part thereof in Rs. 5-00, subject to excess of one thousand rupees.—a maximum of Rs. 100/-.

If the value or consideration be only partly expressed.

Ad valorem fee as above on the value or consideration money expressed plus Rs. 5-00 but subject to a maximum of Rs. 100/-.

If the value or consideration be not at all expressed, a fixed fee of—Rs. 25-00.

(c) For lease of immovable property.—Rs. 15-00.

NOTE 1.—The Registration fee to be paid on partition deeds should be calculated on the value of the share or shares on which stamp duty has been assessed under Article 45, Schedule I-A to the Indian Stamp Act, 1899.

NOTE 2.—The registration fee to be paid on leases, if the lease be exempt from stamp duty shall be Rs. 2/-.

NOTE 3.—No fee shall be leviable on any instrument executed for or on behalf of a foreign or Commonwealth Diplomatic Mission in India, specified in this behalf by the Chief Commissioner, Delhi.

(2) In Book 3, register of will and authorities to adopt —————Rs. 20/-

(3) In Book 4, Miscellaneous register

(a) all document other than bonds —————Rs. 3/-

(b) Bonds —————Rs. 5/-

Under section 80 of the Registration Act all fees for the registration of documents shall be payable on the presentation of such documents, provided that no fee shall be levied for the Registration of security bond furnished by Prosecuting Inspectors and Prosecuting Sub-Inspectors under the provisions of rule 27-5 of the Punjab Police Rules Volume III.

NOTE 1.—No registration fee shall be levied upon an instrument executed by or on behalf of any society for the time being registered or deemed to be registered under any law relating to Cooperative Societies for the time being in force or instruments executed by any officer or member of any such Society and relating to the business of the Society, if the stamp duty with which such an instrument is chargeable, has been remitted.

2.—No registration fee shall be leviable upon a mortgage executed by an officer of Government in Civil or Military employ for securing the repayment of an advance received by him from the Government for the purpose of constructing or purchasing a dwelling house for his own use.

3.—(a) The fee on any instrument comprising or relating to several distinct matters shall be the aggregate of the fee with which separate instruments each comprising or relating to one of such matters would be chargeable.

(b) An instrument so framed as to come within two or more descriptions of the documents enumerated shall,

when the fees chargeable thereunder are different, be charged with the highest of such fees.

4.—Registration fee leviable on an agreement modifying the rate of interest or mode of payment for a previous mortgage deed shall be Rs. 12-50 P.

(4) Miscellaneous.

(a) For an appeal under Section 72, or an application under Section 73 and enquiry under Section 74 of the Indian Registration Act, 1908, or for an enquiry made by a Registering Officer about the fact of execution etc., when any document, will or authority to adopt, is presented after the death of the executant or the testator.....Rs. 10.

(b) For an application filed under section 25, section 34, or under section 36 of the Indian Registration Act, 1908.....Re. 1.

(c) A fixed fee of Re. 1/- shall be levied for every application filed before a Registering Officer relating to any official matter or registration business or proceedings.

Provided that the fee leviable on an application for the grant of copies referred to in Article III shall be Rs. 0-40 P.

ARTICLE II.—For inspection or searches by the Registering Officers under Section 57:—

(1) Search for or inspection of a single entry or documents,

(a) For the first year the books of which are examined for each entry or document.—Rs. 1-50 P.

(b) For every other year the books of which are examined for each entry or document.—Rs. 0-75 P.

(2) General search for, or inspection, of any number of entries or documents relating to one and the same property or executed by or in favour of one and the same individual:—

(a) For the first year in the books of which search is made.—Rs. 2-00.

(b) For every other year in the books of which search is continued.—Re. 1-00.

Provided that no search fees shall be charged in respect of a document of which a copy is applied for when the names of claiming and executing parties, the nature and the date of the document, the date of registration, the serial number against which it was registered, number of book, number of volume and numbers of pages on which it was registered are shown in the application for the copy.

NOTE.—The date of registration of document is the date on which it is copied in the relevant book and the endorsement under Section 60 of the Registration Act is recorded on it.

Provided further that if a search is made at the request of a civil court for the purpose of ascertaining whether a specified property is encumbered or not, the fee to be so levied in each case shall be at the rates prescribed by clause (1) above, subject to the condition that a fee of not more than five rupees shall be so levied.

Provided also that if a search is made at the request of Director of Industries in respect of persons applying for loans for the purposes of ascertaining whether a specific property is encumbered or not the fee to be so levied in each case shall be at rates prescribed in this clause and a certificate under the signature of the Registrar or Sub-Registrar as the case may be, shall be granted to show the result of the search thus made.

ARTICLE III. For making or granting copies of reasons, of entries, or of documents before or after registration where the number of words does not exceed 300.....Rs. 0-75 P.
For every 100 words or part thereof in excess of 300.....Rs. 0-25 P.

Provided that if an applicant requires such copies to be furnished on the day of application, or if he demands precedence over other applications an expedition fee of two rupees, or if the number of words in the copies exceed 1,200 words of fifty paise for every 300 words or part thereof shall be charged on all copies so furnished.

NOTE.—(a) When registration is refused neither registration nor copying fee is to be levied. Copies of reasons granted before registration are those which in case of refused registration are given on application made by a person executing or claiming under the document as provided in Section 76 of the Act.

(b) When application for a copy under section 57 necessitates search, the fee prescribed by Article II is to be levied in addition to that chargeable under Article III.

(c) Government officers who may want to search the register or take copies of entries in the register for bona fide public purposes will be exempted from

ment of the fees under Article II and III on a certificate being granted by the Registrar of the district that information is required solely in the interest of Government.

- (d) The fees for copying maps and plans of estates or houses etc., such as are filed in supplementary Book I, shall be determined by the Head of the Office.
- (e) No additional charges should be levied in respect of the copying into the registration books of endorsements made in accordance with sections 52, 58 or 60 of the Act.
- (f) The number of words charged for and the amount of copying fees levied shall be entered on the document itself as well as on the foot of the copy in the register.
- (g) An application under Article III for grant of a copy of a document shall show the names of the claiming and executing parties and the nature and date of the document. In case the application is made after the registration of the document, the application shall also show the date of its registration, the serial number against which it was registered, number of Book, Number of Volume, and the numbers of pages on which it was registered.

ARTICLE IV. For discretionary registration under section 30:—

By the Registrar of the district under clause (I).....Rs. 10/-

NOTE.—The additional fee under this Article is not payable on the registration of wills and authorities to adopt. Nor is it to be levied in cases where the Sub-Registrar owing to his being pecuniarily interested in the transaction or his being unacquainted with the language in which the deed is written or for any other sufficient reason, is unable to register himself.

ARTICLE V. For the issue of commissions and for attending at private residences:—

- (1) When a satisfactory certificate is produced as to sickness or infirmity or when the person to be examined is in Jail.....Rs. 10/-.
- (2) In all other cases.....Rs. 20.

NOTE.—In addition to the above fees, a travelling allowance at the following rates is to be levied. For the sub-Registrars, if the place to be visited is at a distance of not more than 8 Kilometres from their offices.....Rs. 5-00 P.

If the place to be visited is at a distance of more than 8 kilometres but not more than 16 Kilometres.....Rs. 10/-

If the place is at a distance of more than 16 Kilometres.....Rs. 15/-.

If the Registrar has to undertake any journey a fixed sum of Rs. 20/- shall be charged if the place visited is within the Union Territory of Delhi. In the Case of persons appointed to execute a commission under Section 33 or Section 38 of the Indian Registration Act, same rates as prescribed for the Sub-Registrars shall apply. The persons on whose behalf the journey referred to in Para 19 of the Registration Manual, are performed shall pay to the Government such sum, as may be necessary to cover the cost of Travelling Allowance of the Registering Officer or any person appointed to execute the commission.

ARTICLE VI. For filing translations.....Rs. 2/-.

ARTICLE VII. For deposit, withdrawal and opening of sealed wills:

- (1) When deposited in sealed cover under section 42.....Rs. 10/-.
- (2) When withdrawn under section 44.....Rs. 10/-.
- (3) When opened under section 45.....Rs. 10/-.

ARTICLE VIII. For the authentication of a power of attorney under section 33.....Rs. 3/-.

NOTE 1.—A single fee shall be levied for the authentication of a power of attorney whatever may be the number of the signatories to it provided that all of them appear simultaneously for examination. When they do not so appear a separate fee shall be levied for each set of persons appearing at one and the same time.

2. The duplicate or triplicate of a power of attorney presented for authentication shall be treated as a separate power and a separate authentication fee shall be levied thereon.

ARTICLE IX. When under section 36 application is made to issue and to serve a summons, process fees and remuneration of the person summoned at the rate prescribed for the civil courts of the Union Territory of Delhi are to be levied from the person at whose instance or on whose behalf the application is made and forwarded with the application. When, however, the person summoned is the person who has executed the document, the remuneration is not to be allowed to him.

ARTICLE X. For the safe custody of documents remaining unclaimed after registration or after registration is refused.

When application for return of registered document or of a document the registration of which has been refused is made more than one week but not more than two weeks from the date of such registration or refusal Re. 1/-, and for delay in applying for return of such document beyond two weeks, for each week or fraction thereof.....Re. 1/-.

Provided that the maximum fee leviable under this Article in the case of single document shall not exceed Rs. 10.

NOTE 1.—A registrar is empowered in his discretion to remit in whole or in part fees leviable under this Article, by himself or by Registration Officers subordinate to him in cases, in which it appears to him that their exaction would be productive of injustice or hardship.

2. It must be understood that no custody fee is leviable when application for the return of a document is made within one week of the date of Registration. Thus if the document be registered on the 31st March, no fee is chargeable if application for its return be made between 1st and 7th April, but if the application be made after 7th April, fees are leviable as follows:—

Rs. 1/-	If application on made between	8th & 14th April
Rs. 2/-	"	15th & 21st April
Rs. 3/-	"	22nd & 28th April
Rs. 4/-	"	29th April, & 5th May,
Rs. 5/-	"	6th May and 12th May.

and so on, an additional fee of rupee one being leviable for each week's further delay in making applications for return upto a maximum of Rs. 10/-.

Delhi, the 29th June 1964

No. F.10(16)/64-Finance(E).—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by sections 24 and 58 of the Punjab Excise Act, 1914 (1 of 1914), as in force in the Union Territory of Delhi, the Chief Commissioner of Delhi is pleased to make, without previous publication, the following further amendment in the Delhi Liquor Import, Export and Possession Orders published with his Notification No. 8060-Commerce dated the 3rd October, 1935 and as subsequently amended. This amendment shall come into force at once.

Amendment

In order 10 of the said Orders, in the proviso, after clauses

(iii), the following new clause shall be inserted, namely:—

“(iv) Any person specially permitted by the Chief Commissioner by an order in writing may import and transport foreign liquor in such quantity and on payment of such fee as may be specified in the order.”

Delhi, the 27th June 1964

ORDER

No. F.7(16)/64-Fin(E).—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 9 of the Indian Stamp Act 1899 (2 of 1899) read with the Government of India: Ministry of Home Affairs' notification No. 2/5/61-Jud.II, dated the 22nd July, 1961, the Chief Commissioner of Delhi is pleased to remit stamp duty with which the lease deed executed by the British High Commission in India, New Delhi, in respect of top floor flat at 20, Golf Link, New Delhi, is chargeable under the said Act.

By Order,

S. C. VAJPEYI,

Dy. Secy. (Finance)

Delhi Administration, Delhi.

Delhi, the 27th June 1964

No. F.27/35/64-Lab.—Whereas in the opinion of the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, the rules of the provident fund of Messrs. Indian Co-operative Union Ltd., Janpath, New Delhi-1 with respect to the rates of contribution are not less favourable than those specified in section 6 of the Employees Provident Funds Act, 1932, and the employees are also in enjoyment of other provident fund benefits which on the whole are not less favourable to the employees than the benefits provided under the said Act.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-section (1)(a) of section 17 of the said Act, read with the notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Labour No. PF.11.11(40)/58 dated the 22nd April, 1960, the Chief Commissioner, is pleased to exempt with effect from the 30th April, 1962 the said establishment from the operation of the Employees Provident Funds Scheme, 1952 framed under the said Act, subject to the conditions specified in the Schedule hereto annexed, which are in addition to those mentioned in the said sub-section (1).

Delhi, the 29th June 1964

No. F27/31/64-Lab.—Whereas in the opinion of the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, the rules of the provident fund of Messrs. M. G. Shahani & Co., (Delhi) (P) Ltd., 34-B, Connaught Place, New Delhi, with respect to the rates of contribution are not less favourable than those specified in section 6 of the Employees Provident Funds Act, 1952, and the employees are also in enjoyment of other provident fund benefits which on the whole are not less favourable to the employees than the benefits provided under the said Act.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1)(a) of section 17 of the said Act, read with the notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Labour No. PF.11.11(40)/58 dated the 22nd April, 1960, the Chief Commissioner, is pleased to exempt with effect from the 30th April, 1962, the said establishment from the operation of the Employees Provident Funds Scheme, 1952 framed under the said Act, subject to the conditions specified in the Schedule hereto annexed, which are in addition to those mentioned in the said sub-section (1).

SCHEDULE

The employer shall have a provident fund scheme in force the rules of which with respect to the rates of contribution shall not be less favourable than those specified in section 6 of the Act and the employees shall also be in enjoyment of other provident fund benefits which on the whole shall not be less favourable to the employees than the benefits provided under the Act and these rules shall be followed in all respects.

2. The employer shall within three months of the date of publication of this notification, amend the constitution of the Provident Fund maintained in respect of the establishment in regard to the following matters, namely:—

- The Provident Fund shall vest in a Board of Trustees and there shall be a valid instrument in writing, which adequately safeguards the interests of the employees and such instruments shall be duly registered under section 5 of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882;
- the Board of Trustees shall consist of an equal number of representatives of the employees and the employer and all questions before the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes,
- the employer shall nominate one of his representatives on the Board as the Chairman who may exercise a casting vote if so provided under the rules of the establishment where a casting vote is exercised or where no casting vote is exercised but the opinion of the representatives is equally divided, the matter shall be referred to the Regional Provident Fund Commissioner or the State Provident Fund Commissioner appointed under the said Scheme (hereinafter referred to as the Regional/State Commissioner) within whose jurisdiction the establishment to which the matter relates is situated and whose decision in the matter shall be final.

3. The Provident Fund rules shall not be amended except with the previous approval of the Regional/State Commissioner. Where any amendment affects the interests of the employees before giving his approval the Regional/State Commissioner shall give a reasonable opportunity to the employees to explain their point of view.

4. (a) The employer shall maintain accounts of the Provident Fund in such manner and submit such returns to the Regional/State Commissioner as the Delhi Administration may, from time to time direct.

(b) The employer shall furnish to the Regional/State Commissioner such accounts relating to the Provident Fund of the establishment as the Central Provident Fund Commissioner may prescribe from time to time. He shall also furnish an annual statement of accounts or a pass book, in such form as may be approved to each subscriber who, but for the exemption, would have been a member of the Fund established under the Employees' Provident Funds Scheme, 1952.

(c) The employer shall make all investment of accumulations accruing after the date of exemption in securities of the Central Government. The reinvestment or conversion of securities on maturity shall also be in

the securities of the Central Government. The employer shall formulate a procedure for prompt investment of provident fund moneys and shall get it approved from the concerned Regional/State Commissioner.

5. The employer shall afford such facilities for inspection of the accounts of the Provident Fund as the Regional/State Commissioner may from time to time specify.

6. All expenses involved in the administration of the Provident Fund Scheme including the maintenance of accounts, submission of accounts and returns transfer of the accumulations and payment of inspection charges shall be borne by the employer.

7. The employer shall display on the notice board of his establishment in English, a copy of the approved rules and the translation of salient points of the rules in the language of the majority of workers, respectively.

8. The employer shall within 3 months of the date of publication of this notification transfer to the Board of Trustees the accumulations standing to the credit of the employees who but for the exemption would have been members of the Statutory Fund.

9. When the fund is wound up or exemption of the establishment is cancelled, accumulations standing to the credit of the employees who, but for the exemption, would have been members of the Statutory Fund shall be transferred to the Fund as soon as possible and, in any case, not later than 30 days in the case of cash in hand or bank together with a statement or statements as may be required by the Regional/State Commissioner.

10. The employer shall accept the past provident fund accumulations of an employee who is already a member of the Employees' Provident Fund or an exempted fund and who obtains employment in his establishment. Such an employee shall immediately be admitted as a member of the establishment Provident Fund. His accumulations which shall be transferred within 3 months of his joining the establishment shall be credited to his account.

11. The employer shall provide for nomination in his provident fund rules in accordance with the provisions contained in paragraph 61 of the Employees' Provident Fund Scheme, 1952.

12. The amount of contribution shall be calculated to the nearest quarter of a rupee; that is, 12.5 naye paise or more shall be accounted as the next higher quarter of a rupee and fractions of a rupee less than 12.5 naye paise shall be ignored. The amounts of inspection charges and damages shall be calculated to the nearest 5 naye paise; that is, 2.5 naye paise or more shall be counted as 5 naye paise and any amount less than 2.5 naye paise shall be ignored.

13. On all repayable loans granted by the establishment interest shall be charged at the rate of $4\frac{1}{2}\%$ or 1% above the rate allowed on the balance to credit of the members whichever is higher.

14. The employer shall pay to the Regional/State Commissioner inspection charges payable, failing which damages shall be paid at a rate fixed by the Central Government from time to time.

15. The Delhi Administration reserve the right to impose such further conditions as may be deemed necessary in the interest of the employees in the establishment.

16. Exemption granted by this notification is liable to be withdrawn by the Delhi Admin., for breach of any of the aforesaid conditions or for any other sufficient cause which may be considered appropriate.

By Order,
GANGESH MISRA,
Secretary (Labour).

Delhi Administration, Delhi.

ORDER

Delhi, the 29th June 1964

No. F.6(1)/64-F&CS.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955) read with the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Food and Agriculture (Department of Food) No. G.S.R. 888, dated the 28th June, 1961, and with the prior concurrence of the Central Government the Administrator of Delhi is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. Short title Extent and Commencement.—(1) This order may be called the Delhi Foodgrains Dealers Licensing (No. 2) Order, 1964.

- (2) extends to the whole of the State.
(3) It shall come into force at once.

2. *Definitions*.—In this Order, unless the context otherwise requires:—

- (a) "dealer" means a person engaged in the business of purchase, sale or storage for sale of any one of the foodgrains in quantity of ten quintals or more at any one time or in quantity of twenty five quintals or more of all foodgrains taken together, but does not include:—
(i) a person who stores any foodgrains produced by him by personal cultivation and does not engage in the business of purchase or sale of foodgrains; and
(ii) a commission agent who only acts on behalf of the wholesaler or producer but does not actually hold any stock in the conduct of his business.
(b) "foodgrains" means any one or more of the foodgrains specified in schedule I to this Order including products of such foodgrains other than husk and bran;
(c) "Form" means a form set forth in Schedule II to this Order;
(d) "licensing authority" means an officer appointed by the State Government to exercise the powers and perform the duties of the licensing authority under this Order;
(e) "retailer" means a dealer who sells to any one customer at one time less than one quintal of any one kind of foodgrains.
(f) "State Government" means the Administrator of Delhi.
(g) "wholesaler" means a dealer who at any one time sells any one retailer one quintal or more of any one kind of foodgrains.

3. *Licensing of Dealers*.—(1) No person shall carry on business as a dealer except under and in accordance with the terms and conditions of a licence issued in this behalf by the licensing authority.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this clause, any person who stores any foodgrains in quantity of ten quintals or more of any one of the foodgrains or twentyfive quintals of all foodgrains taken together at any one time shall unless the contrary is proved, be deemed to store the foodgrains for the purpose of sale.

(2) Any dealer who holds a valid licence under the Delhi Foodgrains Dealers Licensing Order 1963 or the Delhi Foodgrains Dealers Licensing Order 1964 at the commencement of this Order shall apply to the licensing authority for a fresh licence within seven days of such commencement.

4. *Issue of Licence*.—(1) Every application for a licence or renewal thereof shall be made to the licensing authority in Form "A".

(2) An application for renewal of a licence shall be so made as to reach the licensing authority not less than thirty days before the expiry of the period of the licence.

(3) Every licence issued or renewed under this Order shall be in Form "B" in the case of wholesaler and in Form "D" in the case of retailer.

5. *Period of Licence and Fees Chargeable*.—(1) Every licence granted under this Order shall be valid for a period of one year from the date of issue and may be renewed for a period of one year at a time.

(2) The fees specified below shall be chargeable in respect of each licence, namely:—

For issue of a licence	Rs. 5/-
For renewal of licence	Rs. 2/-
For issue of a duplicate licence	Rs. 10/-

Provided that no such fee shall be charged for the issue of a licence on application made under sub-clause (2) of clause 3 of this Order.

(3) A separate licence shall be obtained by a dealer for each place of business.

6. *Deposit of Security*.—Every dealer who at the commencement of this Order holds a valid licence granted under the Delhi Foodgrains Dealers Licensing Order, 1963 shall within two months of such commencement and every person applying for licence after such commencement, shall before a licence is issued to him, deposit with the licensing authority security of the value of Rs. 500/- in the case of wholesaler or Rs. 200/- in the case of retailer in such form as the licensing authority may direct, for the due performance of the conditions subject to which the licence is granted to him.

authority may, upon depositing the security.

7. *Power to Refuse Licence*.—The licensing authority may, after giving the dealer concerned an opportunity of stating his case and for reasons to be recorded in writing refuse to grant or renew a licence.

8. *Contravention of conditions of Licence*.—No holder of a licence issued under this Order or his agent or servant or any other person acting on his behalf shall contravene any of the terms or conditions of the licence and if any such holder or his agent or servant or any other person acting on his behalf contravene, any of the said terms or conditions, then, without prejudice to any other action they may be taken against him, his licence may be cancelled or suspended by order in writing of the licensing authority:

Provided that no order shall be made under this clause unless the licensee has been given a reasonable opportunity of stating his case against the proposed cancellation or suspension.

9. *Forfeiture of Security Deposit*.—(1) Without prejudice to the provisions of clause 8, if the licensing authority is satisfied that the licensee has contravened any of the conditions of the licence and that a forfeiture of the security deposit is called for, it may, after giving the licensee a reasonable opportunity of stating his case against the forfeiture, by order, forfeit the whole or any part of the security deposited by him and communicate a copy of the order to the licensee.

(2) The licensee shall, if the amount of security at any time falls short of the amount specified in clause 6 forthwith deposit further security to make up that amount on being required by the licensing authority to do so.

(3) Upon due compliance by the licensee with all obligations under the licence, the amount of security or such part thereof, which is not forfeited as aforesaid, shall be returned to the licensee after the termination of the licence.

10. *Appeal*.—(1) Any person aggrieved by any order of the licensing authority refusing to grant or renew a licence or cancelling or suspending a licence or forfeiting the security deposited by the licensee under the provisions of this Order may appeal to the State Government within 30 days of the date of the receipt by him of such Order.

(2) No Order shall be made under this clause unless the aggrieved person has been given a reasonable opportunity of stating his case.

(3) Pending the disposal of an appeal, the State Government may direct that the Order refusing to renew a licence or the Order cancelling or suspending a licence shall not take effect until the appeal is disposed of.

11. *Powers of Entry, Search, Seizure etc.*—(1) The licensing authority or any other officer authorized by the State Government in this behalf may with such assistance, if any, as he thinks fit—

(a) require the owner, occupier or any other person in charge of any place, premises, vehicle, or vessel in which he has reason to believe that any contravention of the provisions of this order or of the conditions of any licence issued thereunder has been, is being or is about to be committed, to produce any book, accounts or their documents showing transactions relating to such contraventions;

(b) enter, inspect or break open and search any place or premises, vehicles or vessel in which he has reason to believe that any contravention of the provisions of this order or of the conditions of any licence issued thereunder has been, is being or is about to be committed;

(c) taken or cause to be taken, extracts from or copies of, any documents showing transactions relating to such contraventions which are produced before him;

(d) search, seize and remove stocks of foodgrains and the animal vehicles, vessels or other conveyances used in carrying the said foodgrains in contravention of the provisions of this Order, or of the conditions of the licences issued thereunder and thereafter take or authorise the taking of all measures necessary for securing the production of stocks of foodgrains and the animals, vehicles, vessel or other conveyances so seized, in a court and for their safe custody pending such productions.

(2) The provisions of sections 102 and 103 of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1898 (V of 1898), relating to search and seizure shall, so far as may be, apply to searches and seizures under this clause.

12. *Repeal and Saving*.—(1) The Delhi Foodgrains Dealers Licensing Order 1964 published with notification No. F. 6(1)/64-F&CS., dated 4th March, 1964, shall stand repealed

SCHEDULE I.

1. Wheat
2. Paddy (rice in husk)
3. Rice (Husked).
4. Jowar.
5. Bajra.
6. Maize.
7. Gram.
8. Minor Millets (e.g. Ragi, Kodo)
9. Barley.
10. Milo.
11. Serghum.

SCHEDULE II.

FORM 'A'

[See clause 4(1)]

The Delhi Foodgrains Dealers Licensing (No. 2) Order, 1964.

Application for grant/renewal of licence.

1. Applicant's name.
2. Applicant's profession.
3. Applicant's residence.
4. Situation of applicant's place of business with particulars as to number of house, mohalla, town, or village, police Station and district.
5. How long has the applicant been trading in foodgrains?
6. Did the applicant hold a foodgrains licence on any previous occasion? (If so, give particulars including its suspension or cancellation, if any).
7. Quantities of each foodgrain handled annually during the last three years.
8. Quantity of foodgrains likely to be handled during the current year.
9. Income-tax paid in the two years preceding the year of application (to be indicated separately).
 - (1)
 - (2)

10. (a) Quantity of foodgrains in the possession of the applicant on the date of application. (Separate figures are to be given for each foodgrain).

(b) Complete address of places where foodgrains are proposed to be stored.

I declare that the quantities of foodgrains specified above are in my possession this day and are held at the places noted above.

I have carefully read the conditions of licence given in Form 'B/D' appended to the Delhi Foodgrains Dealers' Licensing (No. 2) Order, 1964, and I agree to abide by them.

*(a) I have not previously applied for such licence in this district for foodgrains.

*(b) I applied for such licence in this district for.....

*(c) I hereby apply for renewal of licence No..... dated..... issued to me on

*Strike off the clauses not applicable.

Place

Date

Signature of the applicant.

FORM 'B'

[See clause 4(3)]

The Delhi Foodgrains Dealers Licensing (No. 2) Order, 1964.

Licence for purchase, sale storage for sales of foodgrains (for a wholesaler).

Licence No.....

1. Subject to the provisions of the Delhi Foodgrains Dealers Licensing (No. 2) Order, 1964 and to the terms and

2. (a) The licensee shall carry on the aforesaid business at the following place:

(b) Foodgrains in which the aforesaid business is to be carried on shall not be stored at any place other than any of the godowns mentioned below:—

NOTE.—If the licensee stores his foodgrains in any place other than those specified above, he shall give intimation thereof to the licensing authority within 48 hours of such storage and shall alongwith such information produce the licence for making necessary entries therein.

3. (i) The licensee shall, except when specially exempted by the State Government or by the licensing authority in this behalf maintain a register of daily accounts for each of the foodgrains mentioned in paragraph 1, showing correctly:—

- (a) the opening stock on each day;
- (b) the quantities received on each day showing the place from where and the source from which received;
- (c) the quantities delivered or otherwise removed on each day showing the places of destination; and
- (d) the closing stock on each day.

(ii) The licensee shall complete his accounts in Bill-book, cash-book and stock-register for each day latest by the beginning of the transactions on the following day, unless prevented by reasonable cause, the burden of proving which shall be upon him.

(iii) A licensee who is a producer himself shall separately show the stocks of his own produce in the daily account, if such stocks are stored in his business premises.

(4) The licensee shall, except when specially exempted by the State Government or by an officer authorised by the State Government in this behalf submit to the licensing authority concerned or to any other authority specified by that authority a true return, in Form 'C' of the stocks, receipts and deliveries of each of the foodgrains every fortnight so as to reach him within five days after the close of the fortnight.

(5) The licensee shall not contravene the provisions of the Delhi Foodgrains Dealers Licensing (No. 2) Order, 1964 or any other order relating to foodstuffs issued under the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (Act No. X of 1955).

(6) The licensee shall not contravene the provisions of any law relating to foodstuffs for the time being in force.

(7) The licensee shall not—

(i) enter into any transaction involving purchase, sale or storage for sale of foodgrains in a speculative manner prejudicial to the maintenance and easy availability of supplies of foodgrains in the market;

(ii) withhold from sale supplies of foodgrains ordinarily kept for sale; or

(iii) charge, in respect of sales of foodgrains made by him a margin of profit in excess of the rate prevailing in the market at the time of sale or at a rate in excess of any maximum rate of margin fixed for wholesale transactions in foodgrains by a representative body of foodgrains dealers for the locality concerned whichever is less.

(8) The licensee shall exhibit at the entrance or some other prominent place of his business premises, the price list of foodgrains held by him sale. Such price list shall be legibly written in the principal language of the locality concerned. It shall indicate separately the prices of different varieties of foodgrains.

(9) The licensee shall sell foodgrains only to:—

- (i) a retailer (including himself if he also sells in retail).
- (ii) a consumer in quantity not less than one quintal of each type of foodgrains, or
- (iii) another wholesaler outside Delhi subject to the zonal restrictions in force and such other restrictions as may be imposed from time to time in respect of any particular foodgrain.

Mill the licensee shall be entitled to sell wheat products to a licensed wholesaler within the State.

Provided further that a wholesaler may sell foodgrains to another licensed wholesaler within the State for purposes only of making foodgrain products.

The register of sales shall be kept in form 'F'.

(10) The licensee, shall, except when specially exempted by the State Government or by the licensing authority in this behalf, issue to every customer a correct receipt or invoice, as the case may be, giving his own name, address and licence number, (if any), of the customer, the date of transaction, the quality sold, the price per quintal and the total amount charged and shall keep a duplicate of the same to be available for inspection on demand by the licensing authority or any officer authorised by him in this behalf.

(11) The licensee shall furnish correctly such information relating to the business as may be demanded from him and shall carry out such instructions as may from time to time be given by the licensing authority or any other officer authorized by it in this behalf.

(12) The licensee shall give all facilities at all reasonable times to the licensing authority or any officer authorized by it or the State Government for the inspection of his stocks and accounts at any shop, godown or other place used by him for the storage, sale or purchase of foodgrains and for the taking of samples of foodgrains for examination.

(13) The licensee shall comply with any direction that may be given to him by the State Government in regard to purchase, sale and storage for sale, of foodgrains and in regard to the language in which the register returns, receipts or invoices mentioned in paragraphs 3, 4, 8, 9 and 10 shall be written and the authentication and maintenance of the register mentioned in paragraphs 3 and 9.

(14) The licensee shall in a case where he functions in a regulated market abide by such instructions relating to his business as are given by the marketing authority having jurisdiction and in any other case by such body as may be recognised by the State Government in this behalf.

(15) The licensee shall not sell or offer to sell in any locality any foodgrain at a price higher than that fixed for sale of that foodgrain in such locality, by the Central Government or that State Government in pursuance of any power conferred by law.

(16) The licence shall be attached to any application for renewal.

(17) The licence shall be valid up to the year 19.....
Place.....
Date.....

(Licensing Authority)

FORM 'C'

For use by a wholesaler

(See condition 4 of Form B)

* Return of stocks, receipts and sales of foodgrains for the fortnight ending.....196 .

Name.....

No. of Licence.....

Address.....

Particulars of godowns where stocks held.....

Variety of the foodgrains.

Particulars	Quantity in quintals	Remarks, if any.
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1. Stock at the beginning of the fortnight.

(a) actually with the stockist

(b) pledged with any person or institution such as a bank or Cooperative Society.

Total.

2. (a) Quantity purchased during the fortnight and the source of supply.

(b) Average price paid. Total quantity purchased.

NOTE.—The licensee need show in his return against source of supply only the market or markets and the quantity purchased from each such market but need not give details of the names of each dealer and the quantities purchased from each unless in any single case he has purchased a quantity of 200 quintals or more.

3. Quantity sold:—

(a) Quantity sold and delivered/removed during the fortnight

(i) licensed wholesaler.

(ii) retailers.

(c) Average price realized/charged.

Total sold.

4. STOCK AT THE END OF THE FORTNIGHT.

(a) actually with the stockist.

(i) unsold.

(ii) sold but awaiting delivery.

(b) pledged with any person or institution such as a bank or a cooperative society.

Total.

5. Details of average margin in respect of stocks of each of the foodgrains sold during the quarter ending.....

(i) Rice—

(a) Handling.

(b) Transport.

(c)

(d)

(e) net profit.

(ii) Wheat—

(a) Handling.

(b) Transport.

(c)

(d)

(e) net profit.

NOTE.—Information in respect of items 2(b), 3(c) and 5 i.e. average price of purchase and sale, and details of average margin of profit shall be furnished by the licensee for each of the quarter ending 31st March, 30th June, 30th September and 31st December, of every year. This information may be supplied alongwith the return for the second fortnight of the month following the end of the quarter.

The licensed Roller flour mills are exempted from giving information relating to average purchase price, average sale price and average margin in view of the fact that ex-mill prices of wheat products have been statuterily fixed.

1. Licensing Authority

District.

Place

Date

Signature.

Licence No.....

FORM "D"

[See clause 4(3)]

The Delhi Foodgrains Dealers Licensing (No. 2) Order, 1964, Licence for purchase, sale/storage for sale of foodgrains (for retailer).

Licence No.

1. Subject to the provisions of the Delhi Foodgrains Dealers Licensing (No. 2) Order, 1964, and to the terms and conditions of this licence.....is/are hereby authorised to purchase, sell or store for sale in retail, the under mentioned foodgrains.

2. (a) The licensee shall carry on the aforesaid business at the following place—

(b) Foodgrains in which the aforesaid business is to be carried on shall not be stored at any place other than any of the godowns mentioned below :—

NOTE.—If the licensee stores his foodgrains in any place other than those specified above, he shall give intimation thereof to the licensing authority within 48 hours of such storage and shall alongwith such intimation produce the licence for making necessary entries thereon.

3. (i) The licensee shall, except when specially exempted by the State Government or by the licensing authority in this behalf maintain a register of daily accounts for each of the foodgrains mentioned in paragraph I, showing correctly :—

(a) the opening stocks on each day;

(b) the quantities received on each day;

(c) the source from which received;

(d) the quantities delivered or otherwise removed on each day; and

(e) the closing stock on each day.

(ii) The licensee shall complete his account for each day on the day to which they relate or by the beginning of the transactions of the following day at the latest, unless (prevented by reasonable cause, the burden, of proving which shall be upon him.

(iii) A licensee who is himself a producer shall show the stocks of his own produce in the daily account separately, if such stocks are stored in his business premises.

4. The licensee shall, except when specially exempted by the State Government or by an officer authorised by the State Government in this behalf, submit to the licensing authority concerned or to any other authority specified by that authority every month a true return in Form "C" of the stocks, receipts and deliveries of each of the foodgrains so as to reach him within seven days after the close of the month.

5. The licensee shall not contravene the provisions of the Delhi Foodgrains Dealers Licensing (No. 2) Order, 1964 or any other Order relating to foodstuffs, issued under the Essential Commodities Act, 1955.

6. The licensee shall not contravene the provisions of any law relating to foodstuffs for the time being in force.

7. The licensee shall not—

- (i) enter into any transaction involving purchase, sale or storage for sale of foodgrains in a speculative manner prejudicial to the maintenance and easy availability of supplies of foodgrains in the market;
- (ii) withhold from sale supplies of foodgrains ordinarily kept for sale; or
- (iii) Charge, in respect of sales of foodgrains made by him, a margin of profit in excess of the rate prevailing in the market at the time of sale.

8. The licensee shall exhibit at the entrance or some other prominent place of his business premises, the price list of foodgrains held by him for sale; such price list shall be legibly written in the principal language of the locality concerned. It shall indicate separately the maximum and minimum prices of different varieties of each foodgrains.

9. The licensee shall, except when specially exempted by the State Government or by the licensing authority in this behalf issue to every Customer if so demanded by him a correct receipt or invoice as the case may be, giving his own name address and licence number, the name and address of the customer, the date of transaction, the quantity sold, the price per quintal and the total amount charged and shall keep a duplicate of the same to be available for inspection on demand by the licensing authority or any officer authorised by him in this behalf.

10. The licensee shall furnish correctly such information relating to the business as may be demanded from him and shall carry out such instructions as may from time to time be given by the licensing authority or any other officer authorised by it in this behalf.

11. The licensee shall give all facilities at all reasonable times to the inspection of his stocks and accounts at any shop, godown or other place used by him for the storage sale or purchase of foodgrains and for the taking of samples of foodgrains for examination.

12. The licensee shall comply with any direction that may be given to him by the State Government in regard to purchase, sale and storage for sale, of foodgrains and in regard to the language in which the register, and returns, receipts or invoices mentioned in paragraphs 3, 4 and 8 shall be written and the authentication and maintenance of the register mentioned in paragraph 3.

13. The licensee shall in a case where he functions in a regulated market abide by such instructions relating to his business as are given by the marketing authority having jurisdiction and in any other case by such body as may be recognised by the State Government in this behalf.

14. The licensee shall not well or offer to sell in any locality any foodgrains at a price higher than that fixed for sale of that foodgrains in such locality, by the Central Government or the State Government in pursuance of any lower conferred by law.

15. The licence shall be attached to any application for renewal.

16. The licence shall be valid up to 31st day of December, of the year 19 .

Place.....

Date

For use by a retailer (Monthly Return)

(See condition 4 of Form D)

Return of stocks, receipts and sales of foodgrains for the month ending 196.....

Name

Number of licence

Address

Particulars of godowns where stocks held.....

Variety of the foodgrains

S1. No.	Particulars of foodgrains	Opening stock	Quantity purchased during the month	Source of Supply	Quantity sold during the month
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Closing stock

Remrks

Total.....

Signature of licensee.

Licence No.....

Place.....

Date

FORM "F"

(See condition 9 of Form 'B')

Register of Sales

1. Serial No.
2. Date of Sale.
3. Registration No. of retailer/wholesale.
4. Name and address of the retailer/whole saler/consumer.
5. Description and quantity of foodgrains sold.

By Order,

M. W. K. YUSUFZAI,
Director of Civil Supplies,
Delhi Administration, Delhi.

No. F.10/4/63-GAD.—The Administrator of Delhi is pleased to declare Friday the 6th November, 1964, to be a restricted holiday instead of Thursday the 5th November, 1964 on account of "Bhai Duj" as notified in this Administration Notification No. F.19(4)/63-GAD (ii) dated the 30th November, 1963.

By Order,

SUBHASH CHANDRA,
Under Secretary (Appointments),
Delhi Administration, Delhi.

Delhi, the 30th June 1964

No. F.99/64-C.—Whereas the Chief Commissioner, Delhi is satisfied that the book entitled "Sikh Ithas" Part II in Punjabi written by Prof. Kartar Singh and published by Secretary, Shromoni Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar contains matter which is deliberately and maliciously intended to outrage the religious feelings of a class of the citizens of India, namely the Namdhari Sikhs, by insulting their religious beliefs and the publication of which is punishable u/s 295-A of the Indian Penal Code (Act XLV of 1860).

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 99A of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1898 (Act V of 1898), and on the aforesaid grounds the Chief Commissioner, Delhi hereby declares to be forfeited to Government every copy of the said book and all other documents containing copies, reprints and translations of or extracts from the said book.

By Order,

K. M. L. GUPTA,
Under Secretary (Home),
Delhi Administration, Delhi.

(L.S.G. And P.W. Department)

CORRIGENDUM

Delhi, the 23rd June 1964

No. F.3(74)/62-LSG.—In this Administration Notification
No. F.3 (74)/62-LSG, dated the 25th April, 1964, for the brackets,

words and figure "(Public Health Engineering) II" where they
occur for the second time, read "(Public Health Engineering)".

By Order.

G. D. BAHRI,

Officer on Special Duty (LSG),
Delhi Administration,
Delhi.